

**LENT TERM 2**  
**DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY – YEAR 1/2 - MEDIUM TERM PLANNING – STRUCTURES AND MECHANISMS**  
**(Model of working bridge)**

<u>LESSON 1</u>	<u>LESSON 2</u>	<u>LESSON 3</u>
<b>Recap and Retrieval</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap)</li> </ul>	<b>Recap and Retrieval</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap)</li> <li>A slider mechanism moves in a straight line.</li> </ul>	<b>Recap and Retrieval</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap)</li> <li>A slider mechanism moves in a straight line.</li> <li>A lever mechanism is a bar that moves around a fixed point called a pivot.</li> </ul>
<b>TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE</b> <b>MAKE</b>  <b>LEARNING INTENTION:</b> To know that a slider mechanism directs movement.  <b>Disciplinary Knowledge</b> <b>Y1:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use sliders.</li> <li>Explain what they are making and why.</li> </ul> <b>Y2:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use sliders.</li> <li>Explain what they are making and why it fits the purpose.</li> </ul> <b>Aim:</b> Build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users.	<b>TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE</b> <b>MAKE</b>  <b>LEARNING INTENTION:</b> To know that a lever mechanism moves around a fixed point.  <b>Disciplinary Knowledge</b> <b>Y1:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use levers.</li> <li>Explain what they are making and why.</li> </ul> <b>Y2:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use levers.</li> <li>Explain what they are making and why it fits the purpose.</li> </ul> <b>Aim:</b> Build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users.	<b>TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE</b> <b>MAKE</b>  <b>LEARNING INTENTION:</b> To know that linkage mechanisms combine levers and sliders.  <b>Disciplinary Knowledge</b> <b>Y1:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use levers and sliders.</li> <li>Measure, mark out, cut and shape, with support.</li> </ul> <b>Y2:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use levers and sliders.</li> <li>Measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components, with support.</li> </ul> <b>Aim:</b> Build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users.
<b>Key Vocabulary:</b> <b>mechanism</b> , device, motion, force, <b>sliders</b> , direct movement, <b>straight</b>	<b>Key Vocabulary:</b> mechanism, device, motion, force, <b>lever</b> , <b>pivot</b> , <b>arc</b>	<b>Key Vocabulary:</b> mechanism, device, motion, force, <b>linkage</b> , <b>levers</b> , <b>sliders</b> , <b>pivots</b> , base, joint, free moving.

<p><b>Key Knowledge:</b></p> <p><b>Child:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism.</li> <li>• A slider mechanism moves in a straight line.</li> </ul> <p><b>Teacher:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A slider can move up and down or from side to side.</li> <li>• It is made up of a slider and slider support to direct the movement.</li> <li>• Real-life examples of slider mechanisms include door bolts and drawers.</li> <li>• People build machines to make their work easier.</li> <li>• A machine is made up of different parts that all work together to perform a task.</li> <li>• Individual parts of a machine are called components.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Key Knowledge:</b></p> <p><b>Child:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A lever mechanism is a bar that moves around a fixed point called a pivot.</li> </ul> <p><b>Teacher</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The amount of movement depends on the position of the pivot.</li> <li>• Levers move an object in an arc shape.</li> <li>• Real-life uses of levers include scissors and seesaws.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Key Knowledge:</b></p> <p><b>Child:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A linkage mechanism combines levers and sliders.</li> <li>• It consists of two or more bars joined together by pivots.</li> </ul> <p><b>Teacher</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fixed pivots attach the linkage mechanism to a fixed base to keep the joint still.</li> <li>• Moving pivots join two bars together, but the bars can still move freely.</li> <li>• Real-life uses of linkages include toolboxes and scissor lifts.</li> </ul>
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## LENT TERM 2

### DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY – YEAR 1/2 - MEDIUM TERM PLANNING – STRUCTURES AND MECHANISMS (Model of working bridge)

LESSON 4	LESSON 5	LESSON 6
<b>Recap and Retrieval</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap)</li> <li>A slider mechanism moves in a straight line.</li> <li>A lever mechanism is a bar that moves around a fixed point called a pivot.</li> <li>A linkage mechanism combines levers and sliders.</li> </ul>	<b>Recap and Retrieval</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap)</li> <li>A slider mechanism moves in a straight line.</li> <li>A lever mechanism is a bar that moves around a fixed point called a pivot.</li> <li>A linkage mechanism combines levers and sliders.</li> <li>A product or project is usually guided by a set of design criteria.</li> </ul>	<b>Recap and Retrieval</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap)</li> <li>A slider mechanism moves in a straight line.</li> <li>A lever mechanism is a bar that moves around a fixed point called a pivot.</li> <li>A linkage mechanism combines levers and sliders.</li> <li>A lever mechanism will work best for creating a bridge which is able to lift.</li> </ul>
<b>DESIGN</b>  <b>LEARNING INTENTION:</b> To know that a product or project is usually guided by a set of design criteria.  <b>Disciplinary Knowledge</b> <b>Y1:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use pictures and words to plan, begin to use models.</li> <li>Design a product for themselves following design. Criteria</li> </ul> <b>Y2:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe design using pictures, words, models, diagrams, begin to use ICT.</li> <li>Design products for themselves and others following design criteria.</li> </ul> <b>Aim:</b> Develop the creative, technical and practical expertise needed to perform everyday tasks	<b>MAKE</b>  <b>LEARNING INTENTION:</b> To know that a working model needs to have the correct mechanism.  <b>Disciplinary Knowledge</b> <b>Y1:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Choose suitable materials and explain choices.</li> </ul> <b>Y2:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Choose suitable materials and explain choices depending on characteristics.</li> </ul> <b>Aim:</b> Build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users.	<b>EVALUATE</b>  <b>LEARNING INTENTION:</b> To know that products can be evaluated against criteria for success.  <b>Disciplinary Knowledge</b> <b>Y1:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Talk about their work, linking it to what they were asked to do.</li> <li>Begin to talk about what could make product better.</li> </ul> <b>Y2:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Describe what went well, thinking about design criteria.</li> <li>Talk about what they would do differently if they were to do it again and why.</li> </ul> <b>Aim:</b> Critique, evaluate and test their ideas and products and the work of others.

confidently and to participate successfully in an increasingly technological world.		
<b>Key Vocabulary:</b> <b>design, criteria, product, project,</b> mechanism, linkage	<b>Key Vocabulary:</b> bridge, lift, <b>mechanism,</b> device, motion, force, linkage, levers, sliders, pivots, <b>base, joint, free moving</b>	<b>Key Vocabulary:</b> mechanism, design criteria, compare, <b>evaluate,</b> strength, weakness, <b>outcome, improve, success</b>
<b>Key Knowledge:</b>  <b>Child:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Design criteria is a list of things that a product must have.</li> <li>A product or project is usually guided by a set of design criteria.</li> </ul> <b>Teacher:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Properties of components and materials determine how they can and cannot be used.</li> </ul>	<b>Key Knowledge:</b>  <b>Child:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A bridge can be lifted to allow boats to pass under.</li> <li>A lever mechanism will work best for creating a bridge which is able to lift.</li> </ul> <b>Teacher</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Corporation Bridge is a bridge in Grimsby.</li> <li>The bridge is a Scherzer Rolling Lift Bascule bridge.</li> <li>There are different lever construction techniques.</li> <li>Moving mechanisms are made using stiff materials, such as card, plastic or metal, so as not to bend or break when force is applied.</li> </ul>	<b>Key Knowledge:</b>  <b>Child:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(Y1 recap) A strength is a good quality of a piece of work.</li> <li>(Y1 recap) A weakness is an area that could be improved.</li> </ul> <b>Teacher:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Materials should be cut, joined and finished carefully and appropriately to make sure the product works, looks appealing and achieves the design criteria.</li> </ul>
<b>Assessment</b> Cumulative quiz. Retrieval practice.		