

LENT TERM 2

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY – YEAR 1/2 - MEDIUM TERM PLANNING – STRUCTURES AND MECHANISMS (Model of working bridge)

LESSON 1	LESSON 2	LESSON 3
<p>Recap and Retrieval</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap) 	<p>Recap and Retrieval</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap) A slider mechanism moves in a straight line. 	<p>Recap and Retrieval</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap) A slider mechanism moves in a straight line. A lever mechanism is a bar that moves around a fixed point called a pivot.
<p>TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE MAKE</p> <p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that a slider mechanism directs movement.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge</p> <p>Y1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use sliders. Explain what they are making and why. <p>Y2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use sliders. Explain what they are making and why it fits the purpose. <p>Aim: Build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users.</p>	<p>TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE MAKE</p> <p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that a lever mechanism moves around a fixed point.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge</p> <p>Y1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use levers. Explain what they are making and why. <p>Y2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use levers. Explain what they are making and why it fits the purpose. <p>Aim: Build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users.</p>	<p>TECHNICAL KNOWLEDGE MAKE</p> <p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that linkage mechanisms combine levers and sliders.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge</p> <p>Y1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use levers and sliders. Measure, mark out, cut and shape, with support. <p>Y2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use levers and sliders. Measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components, with support. <p>Aim: Build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users.</p>
<p>Key Vocabulary: mechanism, device, motion, force, sliders, direct movement, straight</p>	<p>Key Vocabulary: mechanism, device, motion, force, lever, pivot, arc</p>	<p>Key Vocabulary: mechanism, device, motion, force, linkage, levers, sliders, pivots, base, joint, free moving.</p>

<p>Key Knowledge:</p> <p>Child:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. • A slider mechanism moves in a straight line. <p>Teacher:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A slider can move up and down or from side to side. • It is made up of a slider and slider support to direct the movement. • Real-life examples of slider mechanisms include door bolts and drawers. • People build machines to make their work easier. • A machine is made up of different parts that all work together to perform a task. • Individual parts of a machine are called components. 	<p>Key Knowledge:</p> <p>Child:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A lever mechanism is a bar that moves around a fixed point called a pivot. <p>Teacher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The amount of movement depends on the position of the pivot. • Levers move an object in an arc shape. • Real-life uses of levers include scissors and seesaws. 	<p>Key Knowledge:</p> <p>Child:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A linkage mechanism combines levers and sliders. • It consists of two or more bars joined together by pivots. <p>Teacher</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fixed pivots attach the linkage mechanism to a fixed base to keep the joint still. • Moving pivots join two bars together, but the bars can still move freely. • Real-life uses of linkages include toolboxes and scissor lifts.
--	---	---

LENT TERM 2

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY – YEAR 1/2 - MEDIUM TERM PLANNING – STRUCTURES AND MECHANISMS (Model of working bridge)

LESSON 4	LESSON 5	LESSON 6
<p>Recap and Retrieval</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap) A slider mechanism moves in a straight line. A lever mechanism is a bar that moves around a fixed point called a pivot. A linkage mechanism combines levers and sliders. 	<p>Recap and Retrieval</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap) A slider mechanism moves in a straight line. A lever mechanism is a bar that moves around a fixed point called a pivot. A linkage mechanism combines levers and sliders. A product or project is usually guided by a set of design criteria. 	<p>Recap and Retrieval</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The part of a machine that brings about movement is called the mechanism. (Y1 Recap) A slider mechanism moves in a straight line. A lever mechanism is a bar that moves around a fixed point called a pivot. A linkage mechanism combines levers and sliders. A lever mechanism will work best for creating a bridge which is able to lift.
<p>DESIGN</p> <p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that a product or project is usually guided by a set of design criteria.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge</p> <p>Y1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use pictures and words to plan, begin to use models. Design a product for themselves following design. Criteria <p>Y2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe design using pictures, words, models, diagrams, begin to use ICT. Design products for themselves and others following design criteria. <p>Aim: Develop the creative, technical and practical expertise needed to perform everyday tasks</p>	<p>MAKE</p> <p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that a working model needs to have the correct mechanism.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge</p> <p>Y1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Choose suitable materials and explain choices. <p>Y2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Choose suitable materials and explain choices depending on characteristics. <p>Aim: Build and apply a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in order to design and make high-quality prototypes and products for a wide range of users.</p>	<p>EVALUATE</p> <p>LEARNING INTENTION: To know that products can be evaluated against criteria for success.</p> <p>Disciplinary Knowledge</p> <p>Y1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Talk about their work, linking it to what they were asked to do. Begin to talk about what could make product better. <p>Y2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Describe what went well, thinking about design criteria. Talk about what they would do differently if they were to do it again and why. <p>Aim: Critique, evaluate and test their ideas and products and the work of others.</p>

confidently and to participate successfully in an increasingly technological world.		
Key Vocabulary: design, criteria, product, project, mechanism, linkage	Key Vocabulary: bridge, lift, mechanism , device, motion, force, linkage, levers, sliders, pivots, base, joint, free moving	Key Vocabulary: mechanism, design criteria, compare, evaluate, strength, weakness, outcome, improve, success
Key Knowledge: Child: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design criteria is a list of things that a product must have. A product or project is usually guided by a set of design criteria. Teacher: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Properties of components and materials determine how they can and cannot be used. 	Key Knowledge: Child: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A bridge can be lifted to allow boats to pass under. A lever mechanism will work best for creating a bridge which is able to lift. Teacher <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Corporation Bridge is a bridge in Grimsby. The bridge is a Scherzer Rolling Lift Bascule bridge. There are different lever construction techniques. Moving mechanisms are made using stiff materials, such as card, plastic or metal, so as not to bend or break when force is applied. 	Key Knowledge: Child: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (Y1 recap) A strength is a good quality of a piece of work. (Y1 recap) A weakness is an area that could be improved. Teacher: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Materials should be cut, joined and finished carefully and appropriately to make sure the product works, looks appealing and achieves the design criteria.
Assessment Cumulative quiz. Retrieval practice.		